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THE SHANGHAI TIMES, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 7, 1945

Scotland Yard's New Boss Inherits Vox Populi Critics

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How Scotland string by the string that Line Morropolitic Metropolitic Metropolitic

Former Official Give Tientsin Rotarians Close-Up Of Work

Scotland Tard and the methods used by this great institution in combratting crime formed the subject of an interesting speech delivered by Tr. R. H. Dennia Chief of the Sritin Sumicipal Council Police A. the weekly meeting of the Indiana Rotary Club resently. Mr. Dennia did not know what Sectland Yard really was, so it was hardly surprising that many non-Britishers were in the dark as regards the institu-

the dark as regards the institution.

Scotland Yard was the Headquarters of the Metropolitan Folice
Force in London. There was another force existent in London and
they exercised full control over
what was reputed to be the richest
aquare mile in the world—the City
of London. In this area the City
of London In this area the City
of London Folice held sway, and
this force had nothing whatever
to do with the Metropolitan Police,
nor had the Metropolitan Police,
nor had the Metropolitan Police,
any power in the City of London.
All the rest of London and the
Home counties, however, were
policed by the Metropolitan Police
and, Scotland Yard was responsible
for that district. The Metropolitan
Police had no power over any of
the other police districts in Great
Eritain. There were occasions,
however, when they were invited
to assist in solving arrious crimes
in other districts. It might seem
strange that in big cities such as
Firmingham and Manchester Scotland Yard had no control, but the
fact remained, they only sanisted
in investigation when invited to do

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As the head of the historopolitar Pulsie was the Commissioner of Folice of the Retropole, and he was a men appeared by the Crown. It was partly due to this commetion with pulities that floorised Yard had so much publicity in the press. Two or three decades ago flootiand Yard was our parely wabrard of, but today one could sait pick up a magnitude or paper which did not essiably some shoulder of crime and the name of flootiand Yard hisked with it. This was due in a large extent in the public's demand for secondium. And so, with publicity from the modern press and through the appointment of the Commissioner, Bectland Yard his become almost a household word During the past twenty years of an this musicity had been found far from heightly, particularly when it referred to the consistent and points of efficient from Southert West and the content of the Commissioner, Bectland Yard has become almost a household word During the past twenty years of an this musicity had been found far from heightly, particularly and points of efficient from Southert West and Commissioner of the Commission and the consistent of the Commission of the Commis

inal Table dis consisted either sively by the House Other See of the Limbon terresiste particles the Limbon terresiste participated to the no say in the administration of the Metropolitan Palice Porce.

Teaching on the work of Sceliand Taid, inc. Dennis shid that a very valuable sid to decidend Tard delectives was the fact that many crimes had their own peculiarities. It had occurred to the Crimea investigation Department that if they were to cleanly these origan and keep comprehensive records they could work on a system of elimination. To this end the Eureau of Medus Operandi was created.

The conduct of any investigation should, of course, he direction should, of course, he directid largely to the mathod by which
he crime was carried out. It was a
credally thiever, fallow at least for
crokinged periods the "modesperand" which afforded them
their first smoons. Thieves will
elect the amer type of property
(hieyeles, fewellery, clothing, clothice), the name type of property
(hieyeles, fewellery, clothing, clothice), the name type of receives for returrent crimes, and it was by their
predilection for such things that
they might be identified, fluch
a recognizable similarity of conduct was most common in larcento various kinds, but it was to be
found in other types of crimeforgery, false pustences, affences,
segiment decency, etc. The recognition of it as a means of identifying
and tracing criminals was a great
the outsome of manny years of
patient observation that the puse
ent day "modus operandit register
at Couland Thrd was developed
into the valuable crime index that
it has became.

Point Burgler;

He would try to give his interest un idea of how the specimen working. Lake of how the specimen working. Lake of how the specimen working. Lake on a Howers, are stempler of floatland Tand man manner his produced the cartains. The office of floatland Tand man reducing himself, were shifted in his case would have controlled a large part of Established as harpe part of Established a large part of Established a valueste resistantial property. The triumphone bell ruin and there was a great rush it may be and there was a great rush it was a great rush of the case of the

eliminations were made where the descriptions did not tally, while same of the fact-broakers were still behind the bars. The suspects were finally reduced descent six of which were huntrious and were said to account their movements at the time of their movements at the time of their movements.

and he had not been home since the crime was committed. A hunch of photographs were shown to the maids and each identified the man who was misting. His family history was then turned inside out and his girl friends interviewed. It was learned that he was fond of greyhound recing and detectives were possed at deg-race meetings for the next for y-eighthours. He was not seen, however, and it was desided to extend the sauch beyond the London area. Two defectives were to Southend where the spent a microble coming in the rain wilhout specting in the rain wilhout spectime the suspect. At about 10 passible decided to have "a quick one" in a near-tw hostelry, and when inside one of the detectives noticed the wanted man standing just behind hig companion. He was grabbed and taken outside where a search revealed a revolves hidden on his person.

Taken to Scotland Fard on two charges of fist-breaking and for interrogation in connection with a more serious crime. he was questioned and finally situatized to the shooting. The two maids identified the man as the one who had called at the first on the night of the crime, while election was found on the person of the arrested man, who was streened to death later at Old Bailey.

left. Dennis said that he quot: it this case to point out the value of the modus operandi systems a phase of detection work that would be developed in years to come.

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THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1934

· CRIMINALS AND PASSPORTS

Trade "Non-Existent" in England: Scotland Yard's Way With Traffickers

It appears that the murderer of It appears that the murderer of King Alexander entered France with a forged passport. It is, there-fore, reassuring to learn, through a responsible police officer of con-siderable experience, that the forg-ing of British passports is "practical-ly non-existent."

First, the big international crooks do not use passports—it is much too difficult for them to steal and "doctor" British passports successfully—and, second, international terrorists find it almost impossible to get into Britain, with or without passports.

Britain, with or without passports.

Why they cannot enter the country is the secret of the Special Branch of Scotland Yard, who exist solely to baulk the political offer-fer, and very wisely they decline to publish the exact details of their methods. The official with whom a representative of "The Observer" spoke remembered in a long experience only two amarchists who succeeded in getting into Britain—"and they were very quickly on their way out again."

There is a difference in this realm.

again."

There is a difference in this realm between the methods in Britain and those on the Continent, and results point to the British procedure being the more successful. The Continental defence against political crime is more spectacular—that is quite possibly its weakness—than the British which is quieter and more unobtrusive. obtrusive.

Forgod Visas

The official who was able to give these reassuring facts stressed that the forging of British passports was almost non-existent, but added that there were cases of the forging of visas. This was a fairly simple matter, requiring only a rubber stampton, requiring only a rubber stamp. The process was known to the police, and whenever movements this way of international crooks or terrorists were reported, this form of forgery was looked for at the ports, and more often than not detected.

It would be as well here to compare the arrangements at the ports in Britain with those on the other side of the Channel; and it was notified out that, although the passport and immigration officials, the Special Branch, and the C.I.D. were to some extent similar to the corresponding officials on the Continent, close co-operation was a feature of the British system. The method of co-operation is again a matter which the Special Branch prefer to keep to themselves. It would be as well here to comkeep to themselves.

keep to themselves.

It was claimed that murder such as was committed at Marsellles would be impossible in Britain. "When a royal or other distinguished personage is coming to Great Britain," it was stated, "the form of protection to be devised is the duty of the Special Branch of Scotland Yard. Officers who are familiar with the appearances and habits of international crooks, particularly of those with anarchist or Communist tendencies, receive co-operation from the with anarchist or Communist tendencies, receive co-operation from the C.I.D. in this way. If the visitor happens to be king of a State in the Balkans, the officers will be fully informed of the districts in London lived in and frequented by people of revolutionary sympathies from that particular country. Facilities will be arranged for the officers to see these people in their haunts, so that they may carry memories of the appearances of the suspects in their minds.

Special Officers

"When the distinguished visitor arrives there will be the usual crowds along the route he is to take, and, incidentally, it would be impossible for him to be left unguarded. Troops, uniformed police officers and plain-clothes detectives line the route in adequate numbers." route in adequate numbers.'

Generally, of course, there is little Generally, of course, there is little for the uniformed men—troops or police—to do, but valuable work is frequently being done by Special Branch officers all unknown to the thousands of genuine sightseers, whose cheers mark the progress through London of a visiting monarch.

When a foreign monarch came to England some years ago, two Special Branch officers in the crowd that lin-Branch officers in the crowd that lined the route from the station noticed a face which was familiar to them as one they had seen a good deal in a Soho night cafe. They stationed themselver on either side of him, with their elbows almost meeting in front of the man's stomach. He was a disgruntled native of the visiting king's country. He had no weapons on him, however, so that nothing more than close surveillance could be attempted. be attempted.

On the other hand, had the police officers not fixed him, accomplices standing near, not known to the police by looks possibly, could have handed him revolver or bomb. This man was deported two months later.

To England Without Pa

Curiously enough, the only crooks Curiously enough, the only crooks who seem to use passports are confidence tricksters, and their passports are usually in perfect order. The rest slip into the country in two ways: (1) By means of coastal and tramp steamers, working their passage and slipping ashore when a row has been started and attention diverted or in some similar way, and (2) by using the return halves of (2) by using the return halves of excursion tickets from England to the Continent. They do not use pass-ports, forged or otherwise.

ports, forged or otherwise.

As for anarchists and members of terrorist organizations, very few get through to London. First, they realize that there is a distinct lack of fruitful grourd for their activities over here, and, second, the way in is too difficult. Hundreds who have never been near London are known by the Epecial Branch officers in Britisin who were quick to go to see if they could recognize anybody in the crowd. There may even have been English detectives at Marseilles at the time, for they go abroad to get to know the men who are dangerous, as well as getting information through the International Police Bureau.

The Special Branch work from Scotland Yard, guard prominent British statesmen and politicians, Scotland Yard, guard prominent British statesmen and politicians, and ensure the safety of visiting monarchs and statesmen. Occasionally they will be attacked in newspacers as a rather useless department: there will be no reply to the attack. Very few people have every heard of the name of the chief of the opening the state of the opening the chief of the opening the chief of the opening the chief of the opening the limiting. Their valuable fook is behind the scenes, and their matted to know, while remaining unlabour. SHAMBHAI MUNICIPAL POUL. S. B. REGISTEL.

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Scotland Yard and its Criminals

(Continued from page 5)

reason for requiring help. Suppose some householder complained to police that a woman had called at his place of residence and produced a letter from a clergyman, telling her that if she came to Salford she could be reunited with the child she had not seen for two years. The M.O. system would enable the investigating officer to turn up all the women in London who have ever been convicted of that trick before and, fortified with a description of the woman, the detective will have little difficulty, if she is still in London, in running her down.

Giving Themselves Away

It is an axiom of criminal investigation that most bad criminals capture themselves. Especially is this the case with murderers. Thomas the case with murderers. Neill Cream, one of the most cold-blooded murderers we have had in fifty years, was a remarkable ex-ample of this. He was a man who had had some sort of medical train-ing; and his practice was to induce women to take a pill or a bottle of strychnine. Cream could never of strychnine. Cream could never resist writing letters. Sometimes he wrote them pretending to be a detective; sometimes he wrote accus-ing perfectly innocent people of the murder. In fact, this was a mania of his, all sorts of people of high and low degree coming under the accusation. The man's vanity was such that even at the inquest on his victims he wrote to the coroner indignant letters, telling him where medical evidence was wrong. But, as I say, his chief mania was accusing people who had nothing whatever to do with the crimes. Eventually the search narrowed itself down to Neill Cream, and finally he was arrested, convicted and hanged. There is no doubt what ever that he was a systematic poisoner, both in England and America. He had been found guilty in the second degree of the murder of a woman in Chicago, and had served ten years.

Seddon was a murderer who would have escaped all consequence of his act if he had not been so mean that he refused to give even a small portion of the money which his vic-tim had left to one of her rela-tions. Crippen would have escaped detection if he had not run away and emphasised his own guilt. strong would have escaped punishif, after a successful murder, he had not attempted another, which drew attention to the curious cir-cumstances of his wife's death. Alcumstances of his wife's death. Although he had been privately warned that the police were investigating the matter, and that he would be arrested on the morrow, when he was taken into custody they found in his pocket a small package found in his pocket a small package of arsenic. A murderer who had buried the body of his victim in the centre of a chicken run, after watching the fruitless efforts of detectives to discover the body by digging all round his farm, jokingly suggested that they should dig in the run, which they did, and found the terrible evidence they sought. But with all the assistance sought. But with all the assistance which murderers give to their cau-tors, it requires a keen analytical brain to utilise the opening which a criminal has offered.

An Aid to Truthfulness

Some day it will be recognised that the protection of the people is of infinitely greater importance than the private rights of citizens, and

the method which has been tried with success in America will be universally adopted. This is known as "the scoplamin method." The man to be questioned is given an injection of scopolamin, which is a drug used to induce what is commonly known as twilight sleep. He is placed in a dark room and ques-tioned. Under the influence of this drug the brain is incapable of inventing, and questions asked invariably answered truthfully. So far it has not been employed to bring criminals to justice, but it has established the innocence of more prisoners than one serving long terms for offences of which they were not guilty. American justice demands, however, that no man should be convicted on any statement that he makes under such an influence, and judges are chary of countenancing this system. countenancing this sys Nevertheless, it is infallible, and some day a realist will come along who will consider that it is much more important that the truth should be known and the guilty punished than that a misguided sense of fair play which can only favour the guilty should be satisfied. In the meantime Scotland Yard pursues its breezy and intelligent way without the aid of dope or bludgeon.

Between Scotland Yard and its riminals there is a peculiar rela-tionship which it is difficult to de-fine, and which I think I have illu-strated best in the Sooper stories I have told. There is a great deal of good-natured badinage between them. On the one side a spurious, even humble respect; on the other an invincible scepticism. The respect is mixed with a considerable

vituperation. amount of private Most habitual crimins criminals know that the detective officer will go far out of his way to do them some legitimate turn. They know he will say what there is to be said in their favour, and that he is the means of communicating with their friends and relations, providing the message is a legitimate one. The criminal knows, too, that when a detective officer says he will notify relations and attempt to obtain bail, he will keep his word, and there is no real resentment at his anti-criminal actiresentment at his anti-criminal activities. The number of known criminals who violently resist arrest
is very small. To 'go quietly' is
the unwritten law of their world.
It is only the amateur who has to
be carried to the station.

It is true to say that every man

who is known to get his living consistently by dishonest means is known personally to the police, and with the assistance of the criminal index it is possible to get imme-diately into touch with the suspect. On the rare occasions when known criminals commit murder their chance of escape is remote. Every year in this country there are be-tween a hundred and two hundred murders. It has never been below a hundred and never above hundred. It is also a fact which is not generally known, that one mur-derer out of every four commits suicide. Mr. Arthur Locke, in some interesting statistics on the subject, has called attention to the fact that only one person under the age of sixteen was convicted in ten years until after the War, when there until after the War, when there were five convictions during five years, probably due to causes arising out of the War. In this country crime remains at a fairly low level. and the gunman is unknown.

Should Scotland Yard Tell?

The crimes which are on the in-crease and with which the police find it most difficult to deal, are cases of false pretences. These have increased to a very considerable exreceased to a very considerable ex-tent, a fact which the public should recognise, because it is the average citizen who are victimised. This is the only type of criminal with which the average man or woman is brought into contact. Beware of the people who call on you with a nathetic story that they need money pathetic story that they need money to get to their home in some dis-tant part of the country owing to some domestic catastrophe which has overtaken them, or to look for work. Usually they pretend to come from some town with which their victim is associated. They take a great deal of trouble to prepare

their story so as to make it plausi-Beware, too, of the lady who is selling her jewellery owing to domestic misfortune; also of old soldiers who served in the same regiment as you. I have often wondered why the police do not publish the sub-divisions of their M.O. card in relation to this particular offence, so that the public can be put on their guard against tricks, which though old and well worn enough are quite new to the person who is caught by them.

In conclusion, let me say this about Scotland Yard. In all the world there is no machine quite as efficient or as free from outside influences. Lord's son and cook's son get exactly the same treatment at its hands, and that treatment is invariably fair.